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1. Introduction

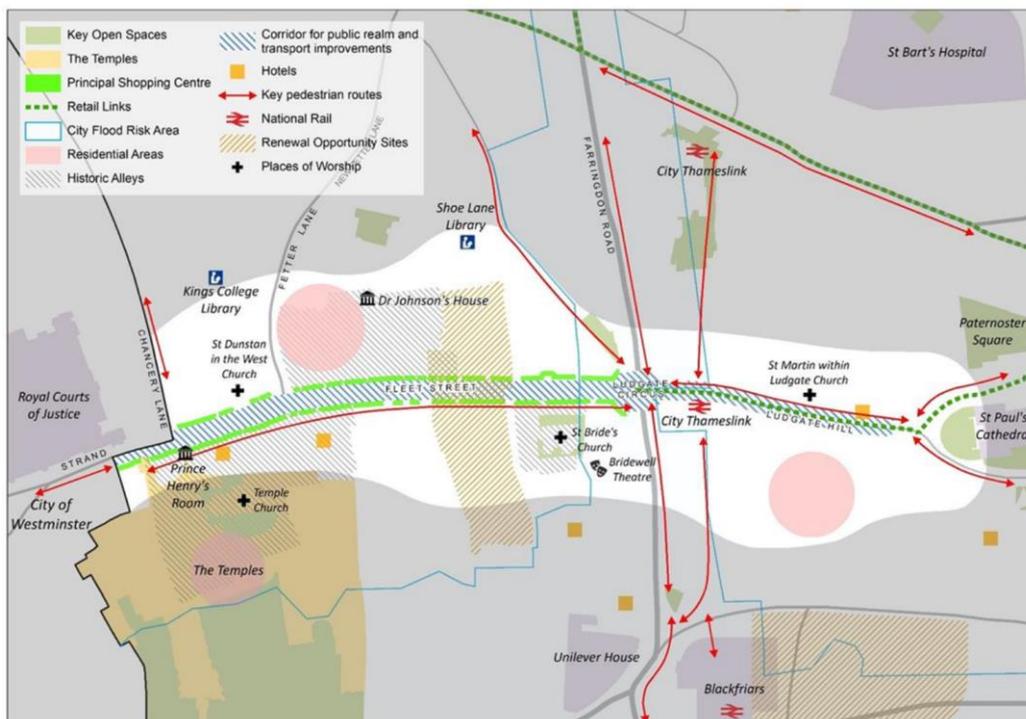
This Healthy Streets Plan for the Fleet Street area sets out an integrated approach to improving the public realm and managing traffic to support delivery of the following City of London Transport Strategy outcomes:

- The Square Mile’s streets are great places to walk and spend time.
- Street space is used more efficiently and effectively.
- The Square Mile is accessible to all.
- People using our streets and public spaces are safe and feel safe.
- More people choose to cycle.
- The Square Mile’s air and streets are cleaner and quieter.
- Delivery and servicing are more efficient, and impacts are minimised.
- Our street network is resilient to changing circumstances.

The Plan supports delivery of the City Corporation’s Climate Action Strategy and Destination City initiative. The proposals will transform the quality of streets and public spaces and, alongside new developments, they will help create a vibrant area of the Square Mile that is a great place to work and a thriving leisure destination, including at night-time and weekends.

The area covered by the plan incorporates the Fleet Street and Ludgate Key Area of Change identified in the emerging Local Plan 2040 and responds to the significant development underway and planned in the area.

Figure 1 The Fleet Street and Ludgate Key Area

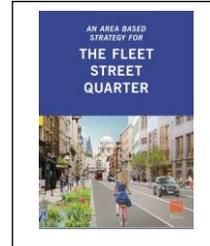


The plan sets out a framework of investment and improvement including public realm improvements. This includes supporting and facilitating the Fleet Street Quarter BID's aspirations for the enhancement of the area contained in their Area Based Strategy. The BID will be a key partner as we develop and deliver the proposals in the plan.

An area based strategy for the Fleet Street Quarter

The Fleet Street Quarter BID's vision for the area is based on:

- Improving the public realm.
- Encouraging activation.
- Connecting to surrounding neighbourhoods.



It aims to re-invigorate the area into becoming a memorable, sustainable and vibrant part of London that is welcoming, inclusive, supportive of a variety of uses, while providing a high-quality public realm for the area's remarkable history and future.

2. The Healthy Streets Approach

The Healthy Streets Approach is a human-centred framework for embedding public health in transport, public realm, and planning. The Approach is based on 10 evidence-based Healthy Streets Indicators that capture the elements that are essential for making streets attractive and accessible places to walk, cycle and spend time, and for supporting social and economic activity.



The Healthy Streets Approach will be applied across the street network with the aim of making all streets accessible, engaging and safe places for people to walk, cycle and spend time. The approach to achieving this may vary depending on the type of street and local context.

3. Fleet Street Area Healthy Streets Plan area

The plan area has been divided into five neighbourhoods:

- 1/ Chancery Lane neighbourhood
- 2/ Fleet Street and the Lanes neighbourhood
- 3/ Old Bailey neighbourhood
- 4/ Carter Lane and Ludgate neighbourhood
- 5/ Whitefriars neighbourhood

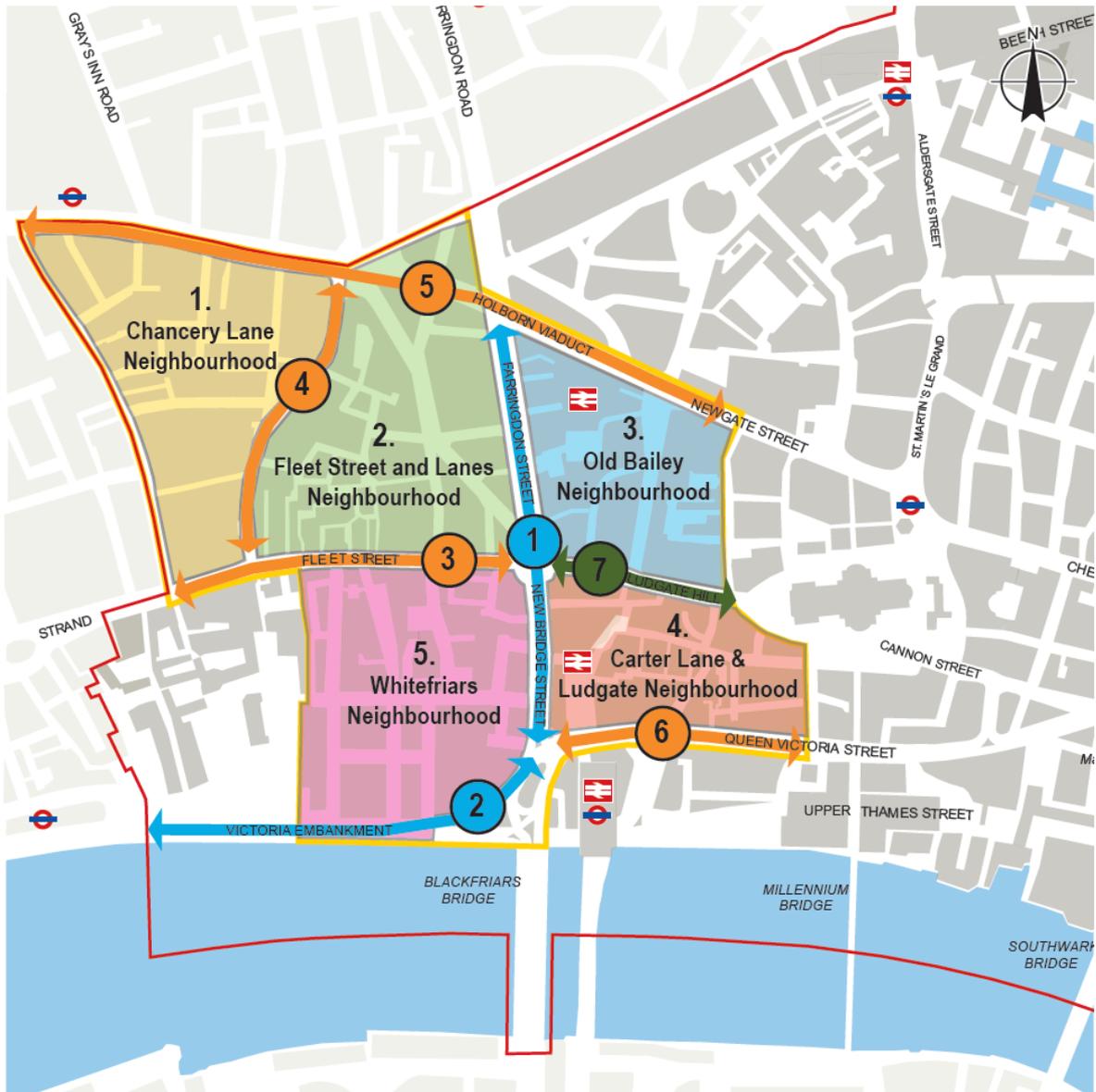
Each of these is bounded by streets that are defined by the street hierarchy set out in the Transport Strategy as London access and City access streets. The London access streets are New Bridge Street, Farringdon Street and Victoria Embankment. These are streets that need to accommodate motor vehicles that do not have a destination in or immediately adjacent to the Square Mile. These streets are managed by Transport for London (TfL). The City access streets are Fleet Street, Fetter Lane/New Fetter Lane, Queen Victoria Street and High Holborn. These are streets that are intended to be used by motor vehicles travelling around but not through the Square Mile or to destinations that are immediately adjacent.

All streets within the five neighbourhoods are classified as Local access streets. These are streets primarily used for the first or final part of a journey, providing access for motor vehicles to properties.

In each of the five neighbourhoods there are opportunities to make walking easier, more comfortable and safer, and to create pedestrian priority by redesigning streets and managing motor vehicle access. The plan also considers the opportunities created by new spaces and walking routes proposed as part of developments.

Improvements to existing streets and spaces and the changes to be created as part of new developments will encourage people to explore the neighbourhoods and their unique characters. This will help people discover existing public spaces and businesses and encourage further activation and investment in these neighbourhoods.

Figure 2 - The Fleet Street Area Healthy Streets five neighbourhoods and London and City Access:



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- Key**
- London Access Streets**
(as identified by the City Corporation Transport Strategy)
 - 1** New Bridge Street and Farringdon Street corridor
 - 2** The Embankment
 - 5** Holborn and Holborn Viaduct corridor
 - 6** Queen Victoria Street
 - City Access Streets**
(as identified by the City Corporation Transport Strategy)
 - 3** Fleet Street
 - 4** New Fetter Lane and Fetter Lane (south)
 - Primary Resilience Network**
 - 7** Ludgate Hill

Figure 3 – The Fleet Street Area Proposed Improvements Within the Five Neighbourhoods.



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- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>Key</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Proposed pedestrian priority streets with restricted access to vehicles — Streets with existing filters to vehicles or time restricted access. — Streets proposed for public realm improvements
(Including pavement widening, raised carriageway, junction or crossing treatments, new seating, SUDs, planting & trees, and cycle parking). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Cycle route improvement — Streets with approved planning applications with public realm improvements. — Healthy Streets Plan area ▲ New or improved public spaces ● Improved crossing facility |
|---|---|

4. Proposals

This section sets out the potential improvements that we will seek to deliver, and, where necessary, the changes to traffic movement, parking and loading that might be required to deliver these improvements. We will work with TfL, the Fleet Street Quarter BID, and other stakeholders and partners to develop and deliver these changes. Individual projects will be subject to feasibility, detailed design and consultation and the City Corporation's approval processes.

4.1. Chancery Lane Neighbourhood

Walking and public spaces: The area has a variety of routes available for people walking between Holborn and Fleet Street and between Chancery Lane and New Fetter Lane. Within the neighbourhood some pavements are narrow, and many streets do not perform well against the Healthy Streets indicators due to pavement quality and a lack of trees and seating. On the northern part of Fetter Lane in particular, there are high numbers of people walking at peak times.

The neighbourhood has high quality public spaces at Plough Place and at the Rolls Buildings fronting New Fetter Lane and the church yard of St Dunstons also provides a valuable open space. Temporary seating and planting have been installed at the eastern end of Cursitor Street, initially as part of the City Corporation's Covid-19 response.

Traffic management: The central area of the Chancery Lane neighbourhood is already largely closed to through traffic. Motor vehicles can only enter the area from Fetter Lane and exit via Fetter Lane and Furnival Street.

Cycling: On the Local access streets low traffic levels make the neighbourhood a safe and comfortable environment for people cycling.

Cycle and scooter hire and parking: Existing short stay cycle parking appears well used. There are two TfL cycle hire docks in the neighbourhood but there are limited facilities for dockless cycle parking or e-scooters hire.

4.1.1. Proposals to be explored.

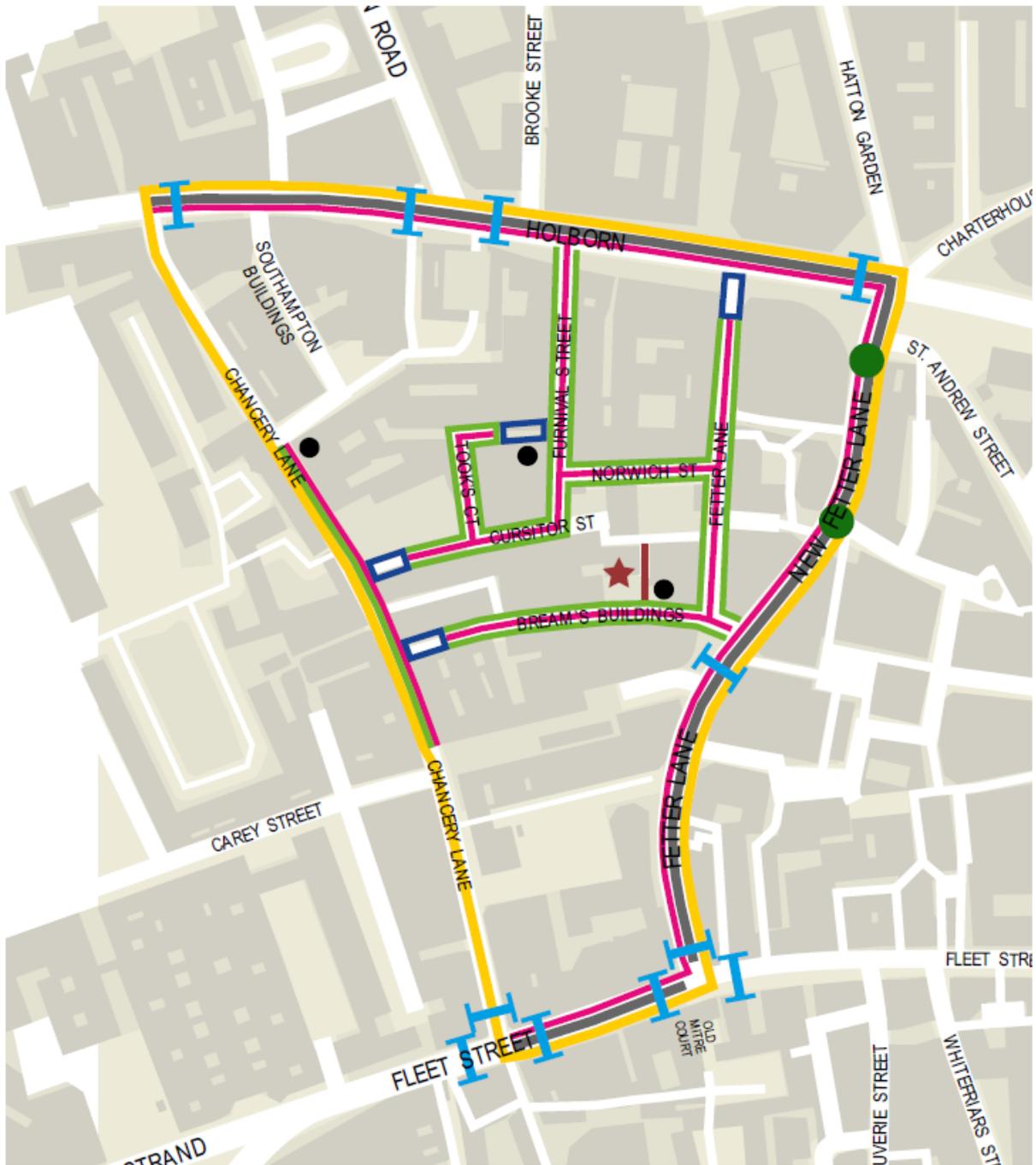
Within the Chancery Lane neighbourhood, we will explore the potential to:

- Improve any areas of poor-quality paving, reduce clutter by removing any unnecessary street furniture and signage, and install additional Legible London maps and signs to make it easier for people to find their way around.
- Provide additional cycle parking and dockless cycle and e-scooter hire bays.
- Provide more priority and space for people walking and improve accessibility on the northern part of Fetter Lane, Breems Buildings, Norwich Street, Furnival Street and Cursitor Street by raising junctions, side streets and loading bay entrances and raising carriageway on streets with very narrow pavements.

- On Cursitor Street, Fetter Lane, Tooks Court and Breems Buildings explore the opportunities to create small public spaces that include seating, planting and trees.
- Liaise with the City of Westminster and LB Camden on the potential to improve the experience of walking, cycling and spending time on Chancery Lane by:
 - Introducing a timed restriction for motor vehicles.
 - Improving the existing cycle contraflow on Chancery Lane and exploring extending this to Fleet Street.
 - Widening pavements and installing more seating, planting and trees.
 - Formalising kerbside loading arrangements.

Details of all the proposals can be found in Table 1 –Chancery Lane Neighbourhood proposals to be explored.

Figure 4 - Chancery Lane Neighbourhood Proposed Changes



Key	Neighbourhood Area	Streets proposed for public realm improvements (Including pavement widening, raised junctions, crossings and side street entrances, new seating, SUDs, planting and trees and cycle parking).
Proposed pedestrian priority streets with restricted access to vehicles	Cycle route improvement	New or improved public spaces
Public realm improvement as part of planning permission	Streets with existing filters to vehicles or time restricted access.	Existing zebra or controlled crossing
New pedestrian route		New or improved crossing facility
		Potential additional Legible London

4.2. Fleet Street and Lanes Neighbourhood

Walking and public spaces: Pavements and carriageway have recently been substantially upgraded with high quality materials and raised carriageway treatments. However, there are few trees and limited seating.

High-quality public spaces have been created at the western end of St Brides Street, and in the New Street Square development. The laneways off Fleet Street provide several intimate public spaces.

Consented major developments at Thavies Inn Court and Stonecutter Lane will create new high-quality spaces and improve the walking experience on St Andrews Street, the southern section of Shoe Lane and St Brides Street. These improvements will also create opportunities for activation such as lunchtime and weekend events.

Cycling: Within the neighbourhood low traffic levels provide a safe and comfortable environment for people cycling.

Cycle and scooter hire and parking: Existing short stay cycle parking is mainly located on the periphery of the neighbourhood and appears well used. There are two TfL cycle hire docks in the neighbourhood but there are few facilities for parking dockless cycles or e-scooters.

Traffic management: Traffic access is limited to streets off New Fetter Lane with associated low traffic levels for access and servicing.

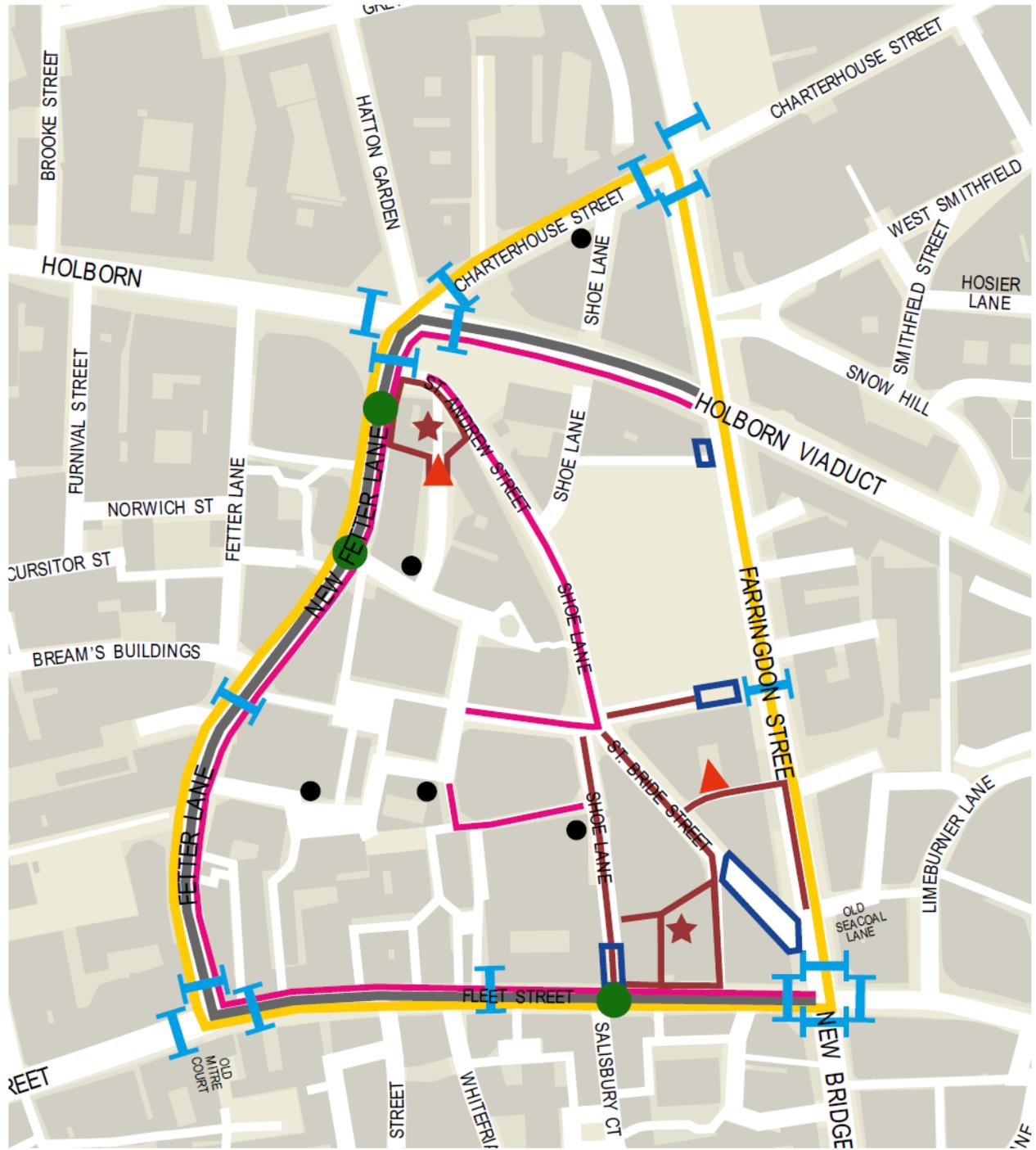
4.2.1. Proposals to be explored.

Within the Fleet Street and Lanes Neighbourhood we will explore the potential to:

- Improve the public realm and experience of spending time on Shoe Lane, Little New Street, St Andrews Street, Wine Court and Gunpowder Square by installing new seating, sustainable drainage (SuDs), greening and trees
- Make the area easier to navigate by installing additional Legible London maps and signs on Shoe Lane, Little New Street, St Andrews Street and Wine Court.
- Give more priority to people walking and support activations by introducing timed restrictions for motor traffic at lunchtimes and weekends on Shoe Lane.
- Provide additional cycle parking and dockless cycle and e-scooter hire bays.

Details of all the proposals can be found in Table 2–Fleet Street and the Lanes Neighbourhood proposals to be explored.

Figure 5 - Fleet Street and Lanes Neighbourhood Proposed Changes



Key	 Neighbourhood Area	 Streets proposed for public realm improvements (including pavement widening, raised junctions, crossings and side street entrances, new seating, SUDs, planting and trees and cycle parking).
	 Proposed pedestrian priority streets with restricted access to vehicles	 Cycle route improvement
	 Public realm improvement as part of planning permission	 New or improved public spaces
	 New pedestrian route	 Existing zebra or controlled crossing
	 Streets with existing filters to vehicles or time restricted access.	 New or improved crossing facility
		 Potential additional Legible London

4.3. Old Bailey Neighbourhood

Walking and public spaces: Old Bailey is the route for people walking north-south, but in places on its eastern side has a narrow pavement. The western side includes new and improved public spaces, but relatively few trees. People can walk east-west via the private Fleet Place development which has a publicly accessible lift to Farringdon Street near to Old Fleet Lane. The Fleet Place development also provides laneways north and south and a valuable public space, although poor wayfinding means that its full potential is not obvious to people unfamiliar with the area. A consented major development on Farringdon Street and Holborn Viaduct will provide a publicly accessible lift which will create an accessible connection between these two streets.

Cycling: Cycle contraflows on Old Bailey and Limeburner Lane ensure the area is accessible to people cycling.

Cycle and scooter hire and parking: Cycle parking is limited to locations to the periphery of the area. There is no TfL cycle hire docking stations and limited parking for dockless cycles and e-scooters.

Traffic management: The southern half of Old Bailey (south of Limeburner Lane) is one-way north bound and Limeburner Lane is one-way south bound. Despite this, both streets, which are classified as local access streets, are currently used by through traffic.

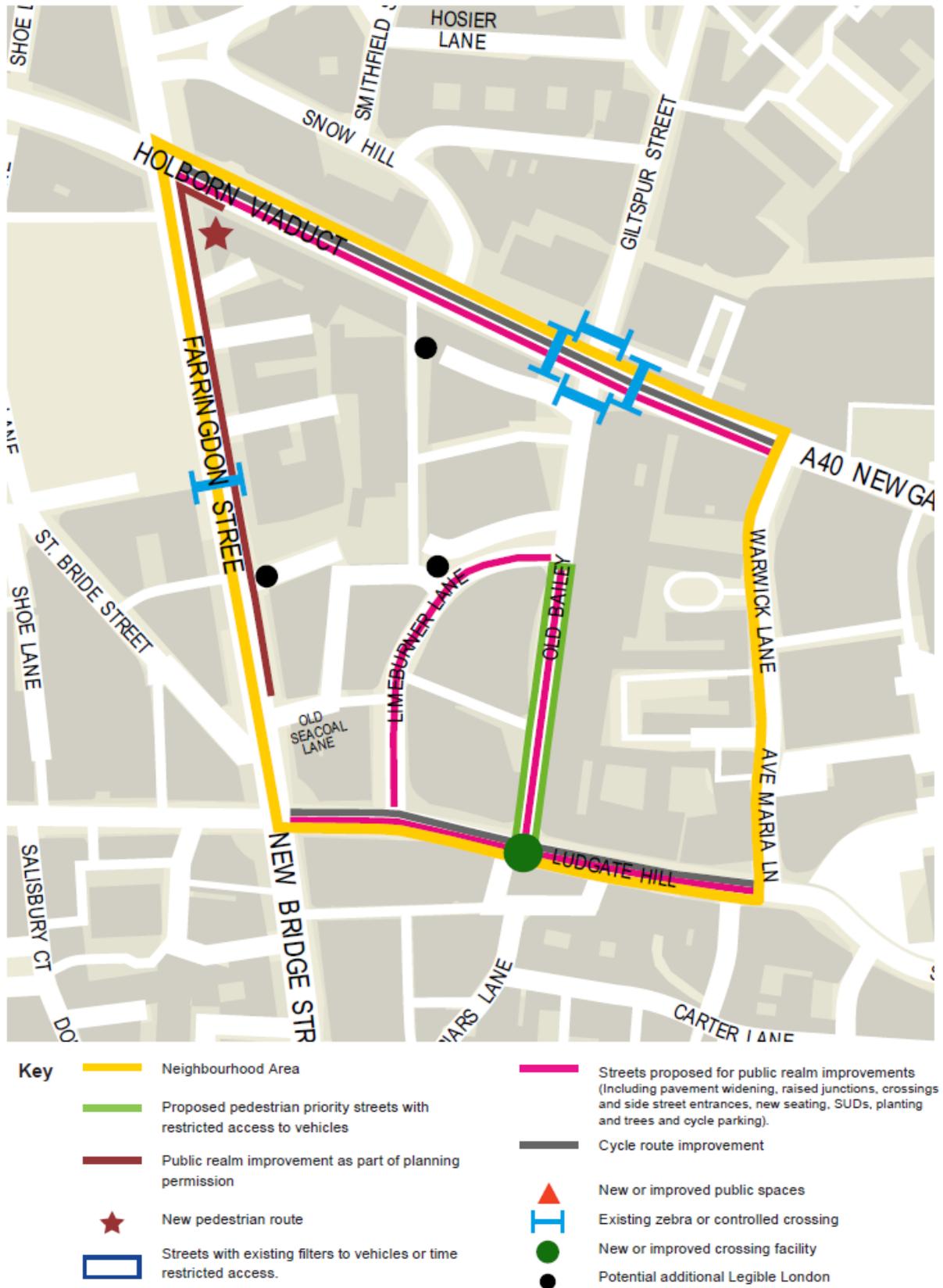
4.3.1. Proposals to be explored.

Within the Old Bailey Neighbourhood, we will explore the potential to:

- Improve accessibility and give more priority to people walking on Old Bailey south of the junction with Limeburner Lane by:
 - Reducing through traffic or restricting vehicles to local access only.
 - Widening pavements or by raising the carriageway, and new greening and tree planting including SuDS and additional seating.
- Improve accessibility on Limeburner Lane at the junction with Fleet Place by raising the crossing point.
- Make the area easier to navigate by installing additional Legible London maps and signs.
- Retain and improve the cycle contraflows on the southern part of Old Bailey and Limeburner Lane.
- Provide additional cycle parking and dockless cycle and e-scooter hire bays in the area.

Details of all the proposals can be found in Table 3 –Old Bailey Neighbourhood proposals to be explored.

Figure 6 - Old Bailey Neighbourhood Proposed Changes



4.4. Carter Lane and Ludgate Neighbourhood

Walking and public spaces: Blackfriars Lane, Ludgate Broadway and Pageantmaster Court provide walking links from Blackfriars Station but crossing facilities on Queen Victoria Street and Ludgate Hill are limited and require improvement. Carter Lane west of Burgon Street is a pedestrian zone and is closed to vehicles between 9am and 6pm. There is no step free access between the neighbourhood and New Bridge Street. Access is only possible by using two flights of steps at Apothecary Street or steps at Pilgrim Street both of which link with Waithman Street. The lack of active frontages on Waithman Street and Pilgrim Street may mean that these streets do not always feel safe places to walk. Blackfriars Lane south of Playhouse Yard provides a poor-quality environment for people walking and does not encourage the use of this as a route from Queen Victoria Street.

Ludgate Broadway has temporary seating and planting installed as part of the City Corporation's Covid-19 response. The platform over the Thameslink railway lines between the two flights of stairs at Apothecary Street is in the sun for most of the daylight hours and is used at lunch times by workers in the area to eat lunch despite not having any formal seating.

Cycling: Existing traffic restrictions make the neighbourhood comfortable for cycling although the people walking and cycling may compete for space on narrow lanes.

Cycle and scooter hire and parking: Cycle parking is limited to locations on the periphery of the area. There is one TfL cycle hire docking station, but no dockless cycle and e-scooter hire parking.

Traffic Management: Existing traffic management and permanent traffic restrictions restrict all vehicle movements in the neighbourhood to local access only.

4.4.1. Proposals to be explored

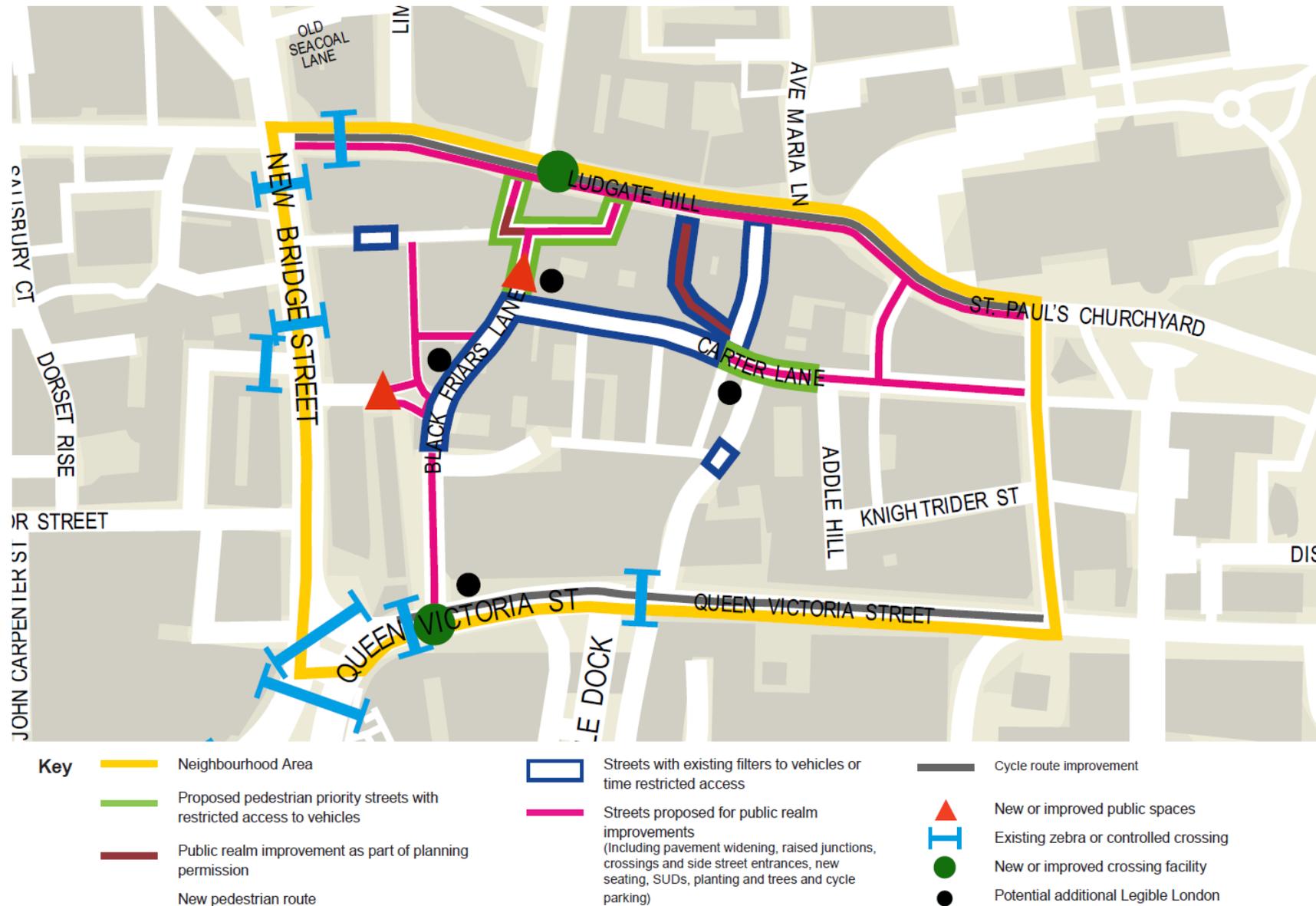
Within the Carter Lane and Ludgate Neighbourhood we will explore the potential to:

- Improve accessibility and give more priority to people walking by raising the carriageway on streets with very narrow pavements and low traffic levels, including Carter Lane, Pageantmaster Court, Pilgrim Street, Blackfriars Lane and Ludgate Broadway. Where raising the carriageway is not possible or appropriate junctions and crossing will be raised to pavement level.
- Improve the public realm and the experience of spending time on streets by installing seating, SuDS, planting and trees where space permits and installing feature lighting, for example on Ludgate Broadway, Blackfriars Lane and Waithman Street.
- Install seating on the platform over the railway at Apothecary Street.
- Install a lift to provide step free access between Pilgrim Street and New Bridge Street as part of a future redevelopment.
- Additional cycle parking on Blackfriars Lane and, Ludgate Broadway and cycle parking and dockless cycle and e-scooter hire parking on the eastern part of Carter Lane.

- Extend the timed traffic restrictions for motor vehicles on Carter Lane to cover and introduce restrictions on Ludgate Broadway, Pageantmaster Court and Pilgrim Street.
- Introduce additional restricted turns on Addle Hill and Dean's Court to reduce the use of these streets to through traffic.
- Review and formalise on-street loading to support proposals to provide more space for people walking and public realm improvements.

Details of all the proposals can be found in Table 4 – Carter Lane and Ludgate Neighbourhood proposals to be explored.

Figure 7 – Carter Lane and Ludgate Neighbourhood Proposed Changes



4.5. Whitefriars Neighbourhood

Walking and public spaces: The neighbourhood's grid of streets provides a range of options for people walking through the area. There has been very little public realm improvement in the area in recent years. However, the Salisbury Court development will create new step free laneways between Whitefriars Streets and Salisbury Court and improve the quality of the public realm on surrounding streets.

Generally, streets currently lack raised side-street entrances and junctions and Bouverie Street and Whitefriars Street have narrow pavements in some places. There is limited planting and few trees. St Brides Churchyard is the main public space along with the recently created public space at the southern end of John Carpenter Street.

Cycling: The neighbourhood is bordered by cycleways on Victoria Embankment and New Bridge Street, with Tudor Street providing a connection between these routes. Both Bouverie and Whitecross Street have cycle contraflows which are also well used. There is a generally good environment for cycling due to low vehicle levels and speeds.

Cycle and scooter hire and parking: Cycle parking in the area is well used. There are two TfL cycle hire docking stations in the neighbourhood but few bays for dockless cycle or e-scooter hire.

Traffic Management: While access is limited neighbourhood is permeable to through traffic and currently need to remain so due to there being no right turn at the junction of Fleet Street and New Bridge Street. There is no vehicular access into the area from the Embankment but from 2024 vehicles exiting via Carmelite Street will be able to head both east and west.

4.5.1. Proposals to be explored

We are currently reviewing access for vehicles travelling into and through the Whitefriars area to assess options against the access needs of local stakeholders and the potential to support walking and public realm improvements. This includes assessing the potential for direct motor vehicle access and the creation of a new public space on Temple Avenue.

We will also explore the potential to deliver the changes below that are not dependent on any changes to access arrangements:

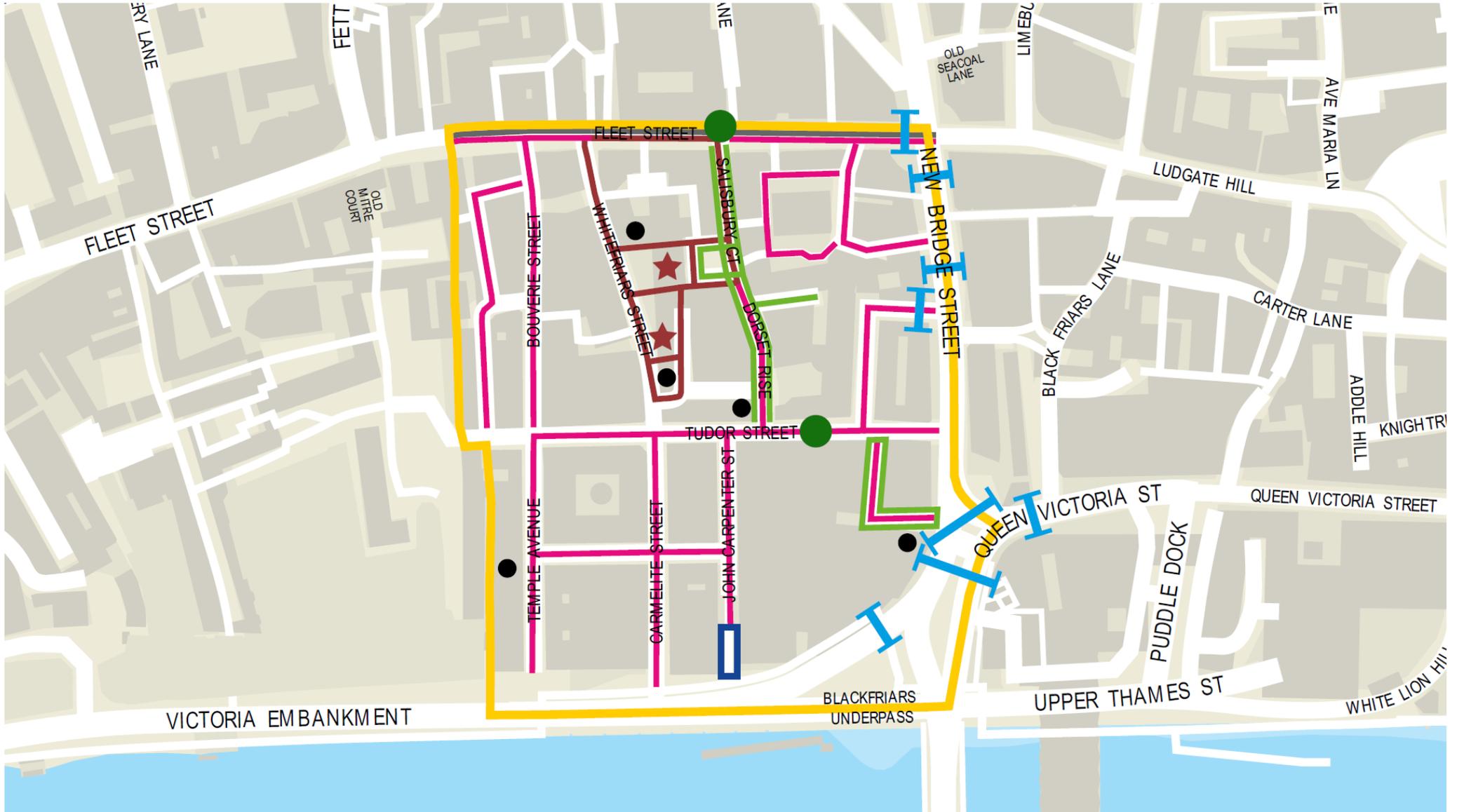
- Improve the quality and accessibility of the walking route between Blackfriars Station and Fleet Street and Shoe Lane by raising junctions and crossings to pavement level and installing trees, planting seating and additional Legible London on Watergate, Kingscote Street, Tudor Street, Dorset Rise and Salisbury Court improvements. This improved route would link with a potential new crossing on Fleet Street to connect with Shoe Lane.
- Improve the experience of walking and spending time on Tudor Street by widening pavements, raising junctions, crossings and loading bay entrances to pavement level and installing seating, SUDs, new planting and trees. This would include reviewing the need for or change to the City of London Police check point to support improvements for people walking and cycling.

- Improve accessibility and give more priority to people walking by raising the carriageway on Temples Lane, Lombard Lane and Playdell Court and Bride Lane.
- Upgrade the paving and raise crossings, junctions and loading bay entrances on Bouverie Street.
- Install seating, SuDs, planting and trees on Temple Avenue, Tallis Street, Carmelite Street, John Carpenter Street and Bridewell Place, and replant St Brides Churchyard.
- Provide additional cycle parking and dockless cycle and e-scooter hire bays, including on Tudor Street, Temple Avenue, John Carpenter Street, Carmelite Street, Tallis Street and Dorset Rise.
- Retain and improve existing cycle contraflows on Bouverie and Whitecross Street and introduce cycle contraflow on Dorset Rise and Salisbury Court.
- Review the amount and location of payment, disabled and motorcycle parking locations to ensure appropriate provision and the potential for changes to support the provision of more space for people walking and public realm improvements.

Details of all the proposals can be found in Table 4 – Whitefriars Neighbourhood proposals to be explored.

- - Figure 9 - Whitefriars Neighbourhood Proposed Changes

Appendix 4 draft Fleet Street HS Plan



- | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Key | | Neighbourhood Area | | Streets with existing filters to vehicles or time restricted access | | Cycle route improvement |
| | | Proposed pedestrian priority streets with restricted access to vehicles | | Streets proposed for public realm improvements (Including pavement widening, raised junctions, crossings and side street entrances, new seating, SUDs, planting and trees and cycle parking) | | New or improved public spaces |
| | | Public realm improvement as part of planning permission | | | | Existing zebra or controlled crossing |
| | | New pedestrian route | | | | New or improved crossing facility |
| | | | | | | Potential additional Legible London |
| | | | | | | |

5. Streets between neighbourhoods

The streets between the various neighbourhoods are classified as London access and City access in the City of London Transport Strategy. The extent of change possible on these streets will be dependent on the need to accommodate vehicle movement, including for buses. It is accepted that the need to improve the comfort and safety of people walking and cycling and enhance the public realm may impact on motor traffic.

5.1. Fleet Street and Ludgate Hill

Strategic policy: Fleet Street and Ludgate Hill are identified in the Transport Strategy for walking improvements (2019-2030), proposed Phase 2 cycle network improvements, and a potential bus priority corridor. The corridor forms part of the Lord Mayor's Show processional route and has planning controls protecting views of St Pauls Cathedral. The Fleet Street and Ludgate Key Area of Change also identifies Fleet Street as a Principal Shopping Centre.

Walking and public spaces: Pedestrian comfort levels in several locations along the corridor are below B+ and peak time overcrowding will increase when consented developments in the area are completed. There is no planting, few places to sit, and the bus stops do not have shelters. Pavement conditions are poor in places. There are several formal crossing points at the main junctions. However, a well-used crossing point between Salisbury Court and Shoe Lane has no facilities.

Cycling: There are no dedicated cycling facilities on Fleet Street and on Ludgate Hill there are advisory cycle lanes. The junctions have advanced stop lines. In many places the carriageway is in poor condition. Pavement widths preclude cycle parking along the corridor.

Kerbside loading: Kerbside loading and servicing is time restricted. There are no inset loading bays.

Police check points: There are Police check points at both ends of Fleet Street and on Ludgate Hill, west of Limeburner Lane.

Collison locations: Collison 'hotspots' have been identified at the junctions of Fleet Street with Bouverie Street and Chancery Lane, with New Bridge Street and the junction of Ludgate Hill and Old Bailey.

5.1.1. Proposals to be explored.

On Fleet Street and Ludgate Hill, we will explore the potential to:

- Widen pavements to provide more space for people walking and to achieve a minimum pedestrian comfort level of B+, based on current and future demand.
- Install seating, SuDs, planting and trees (where they do not impact on the processional route and views of St Pauls Cathedral) and reduce clutter by rationalising signage and removing any redundant signage.

- Install new crossings on Fleet Street to link Salisbury Court and Shoe Lane and on Ludgate Hill between Pageantmaster Court and Old Bailey.
- Improve the existing crossing at the junction of Fetter Lane and Fleet Street.
- Improve the cycling experience and safety, recognising the ability to provide dedicated space for people cycling may be limited by the need to widen pavements and accommodate bus stops and loading.
- Retain and improve existing bus stops. Maximise opportunities for bus priority and journey time improvements without the bus lanes which would need to be removed to facilitate pavement widening.
- Review the City of London Police check point facilities on Fleet Street and Ludgate Hill to support improvements for people walking and cycling.
- Review and address collision clusters and hotspots identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.
- Formalise loading arrangements with timed restrictions and loading bays set into the pavement to maximise space for people walking when not in use.

5.2. New Fetter Lane and Fetter Lane

Strategic policy: The New Fetter Lane and Fetter Lane corridor is identified in the Transport Strategy for proposed Phase 2 cycle network improvements by 2035.

Walking and public spaces: The pavements of New Fetter Lane and Fetter Lane corridor are generally wide but there are few trees and places to rest. There is only one formal crossing point but at peak times popular crossing points are between Plough Place and Bartlett Court and between Bartlett Passage and Thavies Inn House.

Cycling: People cycling have no protected space, and there are no bus routes on this corridor. There is advanced cycle stop lines at the junctions with Holborn Circus and Fleet Street. There is limited dockless cycle parking at Rolls Building.

Kerbside loading: Kerbside loading and servicing is time restricted. Businesses at the southern end of Fetter Lane have kerbside servicing during the day.

Police check points: There is a Police check points at the northern end of New Fetter Lane.

Collison locations: Collison 'hotspots' have been identified at the junction of New Fetter Lane and Bartlett Court.

5.2.1. Proposals to be explored

On New Fetter Lane and Fetter Lane we will explore the potential to:

- Improve the walking experience and public realm by installing seating, SuDs and planting and trees where space permits and removing redundant signage to reduce clutter.
- Raise all side streets and loading bay entrances to give more priority to people walking and improve accessibility.

- Improve crossing points between Plough Place and Bartlett Court and between Bartlett Passage and Thavies Inn House.
- Improve the cycling experience and safety including reviewing signal priorities for cyclists at the junctions with Holborn Circus and Fleet Street.
- Review of the City of London Police check point facilities to support improvements for people walking and cycling.
- Review and address collision clusters and hotspots identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.

5.3. Holborn, Holborn Viaduct

Strategic policy: Holborn is a shared boundary street with the LB Camden and improvements will be identified and carried out in partnership with them. The Holborn and Holborn Viaduct corridor has been identified in the Transport Strategy for Phase 1 cycle network improvements by 2030.

Walking and public spaces: At the junction with New Fetter Lane high quality public spaces have been created. The pavements on the rest of Holborn and Holborn Viaduct lacks this quality with no trees and only bus stop shelters provide the opportunity to rest. Not all the side roads have continuous pavement treatments.

Cycling: There is no dedicated or protected space for people cycling although they can use bus lanes. On the south side of Holborn and Holborn Viaduct these incorporate with an advisory cycle lane. All arms of Holborn Circus have advanced cycle stop lines. Considerable cycle parking is available on the central island of Holborn, but none is available for dockless cycles and e-scooter hire parking. There is no dedicated or protected space for people cycling although they can use bus lanes

Kerbside loading: Kerbside loading and servicing is time restricted. There are no inset loading bays.

Police check points: There is a Police check point on Holborn Viaduct.

Collison locations: Collison 'hotspots' have been identified at Holborn Circus and New Gate Street with Warwick Lane.

5.3.1. Proposals to be explored

On Holborn and Holborn Viaduct we will explore the potential to:

- Improve the walking experience and public realm by widening pavements, installing seating, SuDs and planting and trees and removing redundant signage to reduce clutter.
- Raise all side streets and loading bay entrances to give more priority to people walking and improve accessibility.
- Improve the cycling experience and safety by introducing protected space for people cycling. Improve signal priorities for people cycling at the junctions with Holborn Circus and Old Bailey and Giltspur Street and Warwick Lane.

- Provide additional short stay and dockless cycle and e-scooter hire parking.
- Review of the City of London Police check point facilities to support improvements for people walking and cycling.
- Review and address collision clusters and hotspots identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.
- Formalising loading arrangements with timed restrictions and loading bays set into the pavement to maximise space for people walking when not in use
- Retain and improve existing bus stops.

5.4. Queen Victoria Street

Strategic policy: Queen Victoria has been identified in the Transport Strategy for Phase 1 cycle network improvements by 2030.

Walking and public spaces: The pavements on both sides of Queen Victoria are wide and generally have high quality paving. There are some street trees but no places to rest. Although there are several formal crossing points there are no formal crossing facilities between Blackfriars Lane and the south side of Queen Victoria Street. Not all the side roads have continuous pavement treatments.

Cycling: There are only short advisory cycling lanes at the west end of Queen Victoria Street. There is a TfL cycle hire docking stations and some cycle parking.

Kerbside loading: Commercial uses fronting Queen Victoria do not appear to require kerbside servicing.

Collision locations: A collision ‘hotspots’ have been identified at the junction of Queen Victoria Street and New Bridge Street.

5.4.1. Proposals to be explored

On Queen Victoria Street we will explore the potential to:

- Improve the walking experience and public realm by installing seating, SuDs and planting and trees where space permits and removing redundant signage to reduce clutter.
- Install a new crossing facility at the junction with Blackfriars Lane.
- Raise all side streets and loading bay entrances to give more priority to people walking and improve accessibility.
- Improve the safety and experience of people cycling by providing protected space for people cycling. Install additional cycle parking and dockless cycle and e-scooter hire parking.
- Review and address collision clusters and hotspots identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.

Details of all the proposals can be found in Table 6 –City Access Streets - proposals to be explored.

5.5. London Access Streets

New Bridge Street and Farringdon Street corridor and the Victoria Embankment Street are part of the Transport for London Road Network (TLRN) and are managed by TfL. On these streets the Corporation will work in partnership with TfL to identify opportunities for improvements, including addressing collision hotspots identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.

Table 1 –Chancery Lane Neighbourhood - proposals to be explored

Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
Chancery Lane	Widened pavements between Carey Street and Southampton Buildings. New seating, SUDs, planting and trees. Removal of redundant street clutter. Continuous pavement treatment at the junction with Southampton Buildings. Additional short stay cycle and dockless parking and parking for e-scooters.	Timed restriction for motor traffic. Exemptions: local access cycles, emergency vehicles, taxis, access for disabled drop-off/pick-up and disabled parking. Formalised kerbside loading. Camera enforcement at Carey Street and north of Southampton Buildings The existing cycle contraflow will be retained and improved.	Formalise loading	
Fetter Lane Norwich Street Furnival Street	Localised pedestrian priority interventions including raised junctions and crossing points and new paving where required. Removal of redundant street clutter. New seating, SUDs, planting and trees at the northern end to create a pocket park. Continuous pavement treatment and tactile paving over Norwich Street and loading bay entrances. Additional short stay cycle and dockless parking and parking for e-scooters. Localised pedestrian priority interventions including raised junctions and crossing points and new paving where required. Continuous pavement treatment and tactile paving over loading bay entrances. Removal of redundant street clutter. Localised pedestrian priority interventions including raised junctions and crossing points and new paving	Fetter Lane north of Bream’s Buildings restricted access to some vehicles at peak times.	Relocation of motorcycle parking to create public space.	

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Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
<p>Bream's Buildings</p> <p>Took's Court</p> <p>Southampton Buildings</p>	<p>where required. Removal of redundant street clutter. New seating, SUDs planting and trees at the northern end to create a pocket park. Continuous pavement treatment and tactile paving over loading bay entrances. Additional Legible London. Additional short stay and dockless cycle parking and parking for scooters. Additional Legible London.</p> <p>Localised pedestrian priority intervention including raised junctions and crossing points and new paving where required. Continuous pavement treatment and tactile paving over loading bay entrances. Removal of redundant street clutter Additional Legible London. New seating, planting and trees at the western end to create a pocket park. Additional Legible London.</p> <p>New seating, SUDs, planting and trees.</p> <p>Additional Legible London.</p>		<p>Possible small relocation of Blue Badge Parking on Breams Building.</p> <p>Explore relocation of motorcycle parking</p> <p>Possible additional motorcycle parking.</p>	

Table 2 - Fleet Street and the Lanes Neighbourhood - proposals to be explored

Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
Shoe Lane	New seating, SUDs, planting and trees.	Potential for timed restriction for motor traffic at lunchtimes and weekends. Changes to traffic management on Fleet Street and New Fetter Lane may require additional restrictions on Shoe Lane between Charterhouse Street and St Andrew Street.	None	
Little New Street	New seating, SUDs, planting and trees.			
St Andrew Street	New seating, SUDs, planting and trees.			
Wine Office Court	New seating and Legible London			
Gun Powder Square	Additional planting.			
East Harding Street	Additional Legible London			
West Harding Street	Additional Legible London			
Thavies Inn	Additional Legible London			

Table 3 - Old Bailey Neighbourhood - proposals to be explored

Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
Old Bailey (south of Limeburner Lane)	Widened pavements or raised carriageway and new paving. New seating, SUDs, planting and trees. In ground infrastructure for on street activation. Additional on street short stay and dockless cycle and e-scooter parking.	Measures to reduce traffic south of Limeburner Lane including restricting vehicles to local access only.		
Junction of Warwick Lane and Newgate Street		Explore changes to permitted traffic turning movements.		
Limeburner Lane	Raised junction and crossing point. Additional on street short stay and dockless cycle and e-scooter parking. Additional Legible London			
Old Fleet Lane	Additional Legible London			
Fleet Place	Additional Legible London			

Table 4 Carter Lane and Ludgate Neighbourhood - proposals to be explored

Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
Carter Lane (Between Burgon Street and Godliman Street)	Potential raised carriageway and new surfacing in keeping with Carter Lane east of Burgon Street or localised pedestrian priority intervention including raised junctions or crossing points. New seating, SUDs, planting, and trees. Removal of redundant street clutter. New short stay and dockless cycle parking and e-scooter parking.	Potential for the Carter Lane timed restriction for motor traffic extended from Burgon Street to Addle Hill. Exemptions: local access, cycles, emergency vehicles, taxis, access for disabled drop-off/pick-up and disabled parking. Enforced by signage.		
Addle Hill		Left turn ban. Enforced by signage.		
Dean's Court	Raised carriageway and new surfacing.	No entry from St Paul's Churchyard. Enforced by signage.		
Ludgate Broadway	Raised carriageway and new surfacing. New seating, SUDs, planting, and trees. Removal of redundant street clutter.	Potential timed restriction for motor traffic. Exemptions: cycles, emergency vehicles, taxis, access for disabled drop-off/pick-up and disabled parking. Additional wayfinding. Enforced by signage.		
Pageantmaster Court and Pilgrim Street	Raised carriageway and new surfacing or a raised junction.	Potential timed restriction for motor traffic. Exemptions: cycles, local servicing, emergency vehicles, taxis, access for disabled drop-off/pick-up and disabled parking. Enforced by signage.		
Waithman Street	New surfacing, and feature lighting. New seating and short stay cycle parking.at junction with Blackfriars Lane.			
Platform over the railway at Apothecary Street.	New seating and potential for creation of mini raised park subject to development contribution			
Blackfriars Lane	Widened paving or raised carriageway between Queen Victoria Street and Playhouse Yard or from Playhouse Yard to the service entrance on building on the eastern side of Blackfriars Lane.		Explore the possible relocation of payment and blue badge parking.	

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Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
	SUDs and planting if feasible. Raised crossing at southern end. Removal of redundant street clutter Additional Legible London.			
Pilgrim Street and New Bridge Street	Potential pedestrian lift to provide step free access to New Bridge Street as part of a developer contribution	.		

Table 5 –Whitefriars Neighbourhood - proposals to be explored

Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
The Victoria Embankment		Vehicle access into the Whitefriars Neighbourhood		
Watergate and Kingscote	Gateway improvements including SUDs, planting and trees at the junction of Watergate with New Bridge Street. Legible London.	.	Explore the possible removal of payment parking (2-4 spaces).	
Tudor Street	New crossing facility to link between Kingscote Street and Dorset Rise. Pavement widening to enable new seating, SUDs, new planting and street trees, and new short stay cycling parking and scooter parking. Continuous paving raised crossing treatments over all side street junctions. Review of the City of London Police check point facilities.		Explore the possible relocation of 6 payment parking spaces and 3 taxi waiting spaces.	
Dorset Rise and Salisbury Court	Between Hutton Street and Tudor Street, a raised junction or crossing point. Or, a raised carriageway and new surfacing between Tudor Street and the raised carriageway treatment for the Salisbury Court development. New seating, SUD, new planting and street trees, and new short stay cycling and dockless parking and e-scooter parking. Legible London.	North bound traffic restriction north of Hutton Street. Cycle contraflow	Explore the relocation of motorcycle parking opposite Dorset Buildings and near the junction with Tudor Street. On Salisbury Court removal of doctors parking bay and reallocation as a loading bay.	
Bouverie Street	Pavement improvements, continuous pavement treatments on side roads and removal redundant of street clutter.	Cycle contraflow retained and improvements investigated.		

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Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement
Temple Avenue	Potential new open space at the southern end with new seating, SUDs and new planting and trees, new short stay cycling and dockless parking and e-scooter parking. Legible London.		Explore the possible relocation of blue badge parking.	
Tallis Street	New seating, planting and trees, SUDs, new short stay cycling and dockless parking and e-scooter parking.	Changes to traffic direction priorities.	Explore the introduction of further payment and blue badge parking.	
Carmelite Street	New seating, planting and trees, SUDs, new short stay and dockless cycle cycling parking and e-scooter parking.	Possible changes to traffic direction priorities and introduction of a cycle contraflow between Tallis Street and Tudor Street	Explore the introduction of further payment and blue badge parking.	
John Carpenter Street	New seating, planting and trees, SUDs, new short stay and dockless cycling parking and e-scooter parking.		Explore the possible loss of payment parking.	
Temple Lane and Lombard Lane	Raised carriageway and new surfacing.			
Bride Lane	Raised carriageway and new surfacing.			
St Brides Avenue and Churchyard	Improved planting and seating.			
Bouverie Street / Whitecross Street / Tudor Street / Bridewell Place / Carmelite Street / Watergate and Salisbury Court		Possible timed restricted closure with enforcement cameras. Cycle contraflow retained on Whitecross Street and improvements investigated.	On Whitecross Street explore changing police parking bays to loading bays.	

Table 6 –City Access Streets - proposals to be explored

Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement	Programme of Improvements
Fleet Street	Widened and improved pavements, new seating, SUD's, planting and trees. Removal of redundant street clutter.	Protected space for people cycling. Installation of additional short stay cycle and dockless cycle parking.	Formalising loading arrangements with timed restrictions and loading bays set into the pavement to maximise space for people walking when not in use. Changes to traffic priorities at the junctions with Fetter Lane and Ludgate Circus to benefit bus performance. Review of the east and west City of London Police check point facilities.	A new pedestrian crossing between Salisbury Court and Shoe Lane. Safety improvements at the junction of Fleet Street and Fetter Lane. A review of collision locations identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.	
Ludgate Hill (Primary Resilience Network Street).	Widened and improved pavements, new seating, SUD's, planting and trees. Removal of redundant street clutter.	Protected space for people cycling. Installation of additional short stay cycle and dockless cycle parking.	Formalising loading arrangements with timed restrictions and loading bays set into the pavement to maximise space for people walking when not in use. Changes to traffic priorities at the junctions with Ludgate Circus to benefit bus performance. Review of the City of London Police check point facilities.	A new pedestrian crossing facility between Pageantmaster Court and Old Bailey.	
New Fetter Lane	Improved pavements, new seating, SUD's, planting and trees. Removal of redundant street clutter.	Protected space for people cycling. Installation of additional short stay cycle and dockless cycle parking.	Improved signal priorities for cyclists at the junctions with Holborn Circus and Fleet Street. Review of the City of London Police check point facilities.	New pedestrian crossing facilities between Plough Place and Bartlett Court; and between Bartlett Passage and Thavies Inn House.	

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Street	Potential public realm improvements	Potential changes to traffic management and access.	Potential changes to loading and parking	Programme for Improvement	Programme of Improvements
				A review of collision locations identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.	
Holborn / Holborn Viaduct	Improved pavements, new seating, SUD's, planting and trees. Removal of redundant street clutter.	Protected space for people cycling. Installation of additional short stay cycle and dockless cycle parking.	Improved signal priorities for cyclists at the junctions with Holborn Circus and Old Bailey and Giltspur Street and Warwick Lane. Review of the City of London Police check point facilities.	A review of collision locations identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.	
Queen Victoria Street		Protected space for people cycling. Installation of additional short stay cycle and dockless cycle parking.		New pedestrian crossing facilities at Blackfriars Lane. A review of collision locations identified in the Vision Zero Action Plan.	